

The Clearinghouse on International Developments in Child, Youth and Family Policy at
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Table 3.36a Education Outcomes in EU-15

	EU-15	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	IS	NO	CH
Percentage of population that has completed at least upper secondary education (ISCED 3-6), 2002																			
Total, age-group 25-64	65	60	81	83	53	42	64	60	44	62	68	78	21	75	81	82	65	86	87
Age-group 25-34	75	76	86	85	74	59	79	77	60	68	77	85	35	88	92	90	67	94	91
Age-group 35-44	69	65	82	86	61	46	68	65	50	64	72	83	20	84	87	86	67	90	88
Age-group 45-54	61	54	81	84	45	31	59	51	39	58	63	75	15	72	79	77	64	83	86
Age-group 55-64	50	41	73	77	29	18	46	37	24	51	54	67	8	53	67	67	59	71	81
Percentage of population that has completed tertiary education (ISCED 5-6), 2002																			
Total, age-group 30-64	21	27	29	23	17	21	21	23	10	18	25	17	8	32	25	28	26	33	26
Age-group 30-39	25	34	32	25	24	31	28	30	12	23	27	18	11	40	26	30	30	40	29
Age-group 40-64	19	23	17	22	14	16	18	19	9	16	23	16	6	29	25	27	24	29	24

Source: Eurostat (European Commission) (2004). *Living Conditions in Europe. Statistical Pocketbook: Data 1998-2002*. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Note: The levels of education are defined according to ISCED 97 (International Standard Classification of Education). F = Information on education and training is collected if this is under way on the date of the survey. UK = GCSE are considered as upper secondary (ISCED 3) educational attainment. For the graph: UK = Data not shown due to comparability problems.